## TABULAR COMPARISON OF PROPOSED CLAIMS FOR DISCUSSION AT INTERVIEW ON MAY 18, 2009, 10:30AM

## 1. Case 1- parent

IN RE APPLICATION OF:

SHACHAR

SERIAL NO.: 10/614,685

FILED: JUL. 3, 2003

FOR: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PIEZOELECTRIC LAYER-WISE PUMP AND VALVE FOR USE IN LOCAL ADMINISTRATION OF BIOLOGICAL RESPONSE MODIFIERS AND THERAPEUTIC AGENTS

Claim 1 rejected over Soykan in view of Patterson in further view of Marshall.

Amended Claim	Office Action 1/23/2009	교	Primary Distinctions
<ol> <li>An implantable apparatus for</li> </ol>		•	Soykan is a vascular systemic
infusing a plurality of medicating agents			treatment apparatus and method
to a specific desired location at a tumor			and is not operable for tumors.
site for nonsystemic treatment of a			-
tumor, when implanted within a			
patient's body, comprising:	-	<b></b> .	
an implantable pouch having multiple a	Soykan discloses an implantable	•	Soykan discloses cells or
plurality of collapsible and	apparatus comprising: an implantable		nanocubes, not pouches.
disintegratable chambers composed of	pouch (col 3, Ins 6-31; col 8, Ins 63-67;	•	Sovkan does not have a
a bioabsorbable material, the pouch	col 9, lns 38-60, col 10, lns 4-8; col 12,		scaffolding covered by a synthetic
comprising a scaffolding comprised of	Ins 51-65; col 13, Ins 16-28; col 14, Ins		human skin.
eollagen forming a matrix capable of	26-39; cal 15, lns 5-12; cal 16, lns 23-	•	Sovkan's cells and nanocubes
degrading over time, and a synthetic	27, lns 42-61)		cannot store amounts of agent
human skin for substantially enclosing			sufficient for tumor treatment.
the pouch, the chambers being	having multiple collapsible chambers	•	Soykan cannot provide treatments

	scaffolding (col due to the limited storage capacity stent is	•		dispensing the agents.	•	not only acute episodes such as	. <b>E</b>		35-37;	Ins 51-65;		roscopic	rms a chamber	ment vehicles is	arious cells and	-	zoelectric • Soykan's pumps are not made of			- -		pouch is a structure not shown for			-65; col 13, lns	
composed of a bioabsorbable material,	the pouch comprising a scaffolding (col 9. Ins 9-37: wherein the stent is	disclosed as being polymeric and bioabsorbable:)	and any analysis of decrees	כמשמשים כו מכלו מחוות מגבו חוום, מוות	a synthetic skin or enclosing the pouch; and		multiple medicating agents disposed in	said collapsible chambers (col 4, Ins	18-32; col 8, Ins 56-67, col 9, Ins 35-37;	col 9, Ins 38-59, col 12, Ins 51-65;	Total of the second of the sec	wherein each of the microscopic	containment vehicles forms a chamber	and each of the containment vehicles is	capable of containing various cells and	therapeutic agents);	multiple implantable piezoelectric	pumps (col 4, Ins 18-32; col 12, Ins 51-	65; col 13, lns 16-27; col 14, lns 26-39)	fabricated in the pouch which forms	skeleton of the pumps,		the pumps being configured to transfer	medicating agents to said patient (col 4,	Ins 18-32; col 12, Ins 51-65; col 13, Ins	1
	corresponding one of the plurality of the medicating agents in a macroscopic	amount and for a duration sufficient for tumor treatment including relatively	ckin	•	substantially completely collapse and disintegrate within the patient's body		ectively	dispensed from the chambers;		*		_	tored	in said corresponding ones of the			-	cated in		Sd.		medicating agents to said the patient;		*		•

implantable and bioabsorbable skin substitute comprising a porous matrix of fibors of cross-linked tendon collagen and a chood retire sulfate with a layer	bioabsorbable skin (col 9, Ins 38-60, col 10, Ins 4-col 11, Ins 14) covering the pouch and pumps; and	substitute in Soykan.
made of synthetic polysiloxane polymer covering the pouches and pumps; and		
at least one implanted sensor to		
reasure a local nomeostatic response related to at least one of the plurality of		
medicating agents: and		
an implanted control circuit on a	an implanted control circuit housed	<ul> <li>The claimed control circuit</li> </ul>
biodegradable substrate housed within	within the pouch (col 4, Ins 18-32, col	implanted at pouch implant site
and implanted at the site of	13, Ins 16-27, col 14, Ins 10-39, col 15,	provides optimal local control
implantation of the pouch and	Ins 4-24, col 16, Ins 18-61; Fig 2a; Fig	performed autonomously as
proximate to the pumps to control	5;) to control proper dosing and	determined by adjustable values
optimal local proper dosing amounts of	scheduling of said medicating agent in	of locally sensed homeostatic
extending of the modified agents and	a closed toda control mode so that	parameters at the treatment site –
screening of the medicaling agence in	control of the operation of the system is	Soykan snows only a transforming
control of the operation is performed	determined by locally conced	implant eite. Soukan's timing
autonomously as determined by	homeostatic parameters (col 3 los 6-	Implant site. Soykaris tilling
adjustable values of locally sensed	31; col 8, lns 63-67; col 9, lns 38-60;	chest implant.
homeostatic parameters at the	cal 10, lns 4-8; col 12, lns 51-65; col	<ul> <li>Dosing amounts of medication</li> </ul>
treatment site,	13, lns 16-28; col 14, lns 26-39; col 15, lns 5-12: col 16 lns 22-27 lns 42-61)	agents are autonomously
		potent dose" as in Soykan
where the control circuit controls at		
least one of the piezoelectric pumps to		
modify the state of the turnor in		
response to measurements from the		
implanted sensor, and where the	,	
control circuit controls and selectively		

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adjusts the scheduling of the amounts	of the medicating agents which are	delivered in response to selective user	commands delivered to the control	circuit and alterable during a treatment	process after implantation.

Patterson was cited to show scaffolding composed of collagen forming a matrix capable of degrading over time (col 4, Ins 28-51) for the purpose of maintain the device in a certain position in the body during treatment and then degrading to avoid surgical risks associated with removing the device after treatment.

Patterson does not schedule disintegration of the tube 20 to match the duration of the dispensing of an agent, but states that it "might dissolve in 9 - 12 months". Marshall was cited to show a porous matrix of fibers of cross-linked tendon collagen and a chondroitin sulfate with a layer made of synthetic polysiloxane polymer (col 7, Ins 19-35) for the purpose of providing a matrix scaffolding for an implant that promotes healing and infiltration of fibroblasts, capillaries, and other natural body healing responses.

The analogous limitations in claim 1 have been deleted so that Marshall is no longer relevant to the claim.